JOINT STEREO-HINODE OBSERVATIONS OF CORONAL DIMMING AND WAVES ASSOCIATED WITH A CME/FLARE EVENT

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During the solar minimum between cycles 23 and 24, a number of minor flares from unimpressive active regions were associated with large-scale dimming and waves as observed by the EUV Imager (EUVI) on STEREO. We present a detailed study on one of the CME/flare events that was observed also by the instruments on Hinode. We analyze SOT Ca II data to explore the origin of the disturbances and EIS slit spectra to determine the timings of the upflow and associated turbulence that are presumably correlated with coronal dimming. The sequence of phenomena as captured by different instruments on STEREO, Hinode and SOHO helps us identify the key physical processes that gave rise to the event.